

# Model 3231 **Industrial Ethernet Extender with LCD**

## *CLI Reference Guide*



### Important

This is a Class A device and is intended for use in a light industrial environment. It is not intended nor approved for use in an industrial or residential environment.

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# About this guide

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This guide describes commands for configuring the Patton Model 3231 Industrial Ethernet Extender with LCD.

**Note** For general information regarding setting up, installing and operating the 3231, refer to the *Getting Started Guide*.

## Audience

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This guide is intended for administrators and operators.

## Structure

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- Chapter 1, "[Alarm Commands](#)" on page 13 describes commands for configuring alarms.
- Chapter 2, "[Bridge Commands](#)" on page 18 describes commands for configuring the bridge.
- Chapter 3, "[CPE Config Commands](#)" on page 27 describes commands for configuring the CPE. (These commands are only available from the CO unit).
- Chapter 4, "[Ethernet Commands](#)" on page 31 describes commands for configuring Ethernet transports.
- Chapter 5, "[Firewall Commands](#)" on page 38 describes commands for configuring the firewall.
- Chapter 6, "[G.SHDSL Commands](#)" on page 55 describes commands for configuring the G.SHDSL port.
- Chapter 7, "[Help Commands](#)" on page 76 describes commands for accessing the top-level CLI help.
- Chapter 8, "[IP Commands](#)" on page 78 describes commands for configuring IP interfaces.
- Chapter 9, "[Logger Commands](#)" on page 99 describes commands for logging into a remote host.
- Chapter 10, "[Port Commands](#)" on page 102 describes commands for configuring physical ports.
- Chapter 11, "[PPP Commands](#)" on page 105 describes commands for configuring PPP over HDLC.
- Chapter 12, "[PPPoA Commands](#)" on page 113 describes commands for configuring PPP over ATM.
- Chapter 13, "[PPPoE Commands](#)" on page 123 describes commands for configuring PPP over Ethernet.
- Chapter 14, "[RFC1483 Commands](#)" on page 133 describes commands for configuring RFC 1483 transports.
- Chapter 15, "[Security Commands](#)" on page 140 describes commands for configuring security features.
- Chapter 16, "[SNMP Commands](#)" on page 150 describes commands for configuring SNMP settings.
- Chapter 17, "[Source Commands](#)" on page 156 describes commands for viewing source files.
- Chapter 18, "[System Commands](#)" on page 158 describes commands for managing the system.
- Chapter 19, "[Transport Commands](#)" on page 174 describes commands for configuring transports.
- Chapter 20, "[User Commands](#)" on page 179 describes commands for managing user login information.
- Chapter 21, "[Webserver Commands](#)" on page 183 describes commands for configuring the Web Server.

## Using the CLI

The Model 3231 may be configured through the CLI, although basic settings should be configured through the LCD menu on the unit.

### Connect a PC and log in

Use an RS-232/Ethernet cable and DB9-RJ45 adapter to connect a PC's serial port to the 3231's *Console* port (see figure 1).



CAUTION

The interconnecting cables shall be acceptable for external use and shall be rated for the proper application with respect to voltage, current, anticipated temperature, flammability, and mechanical serviceability.

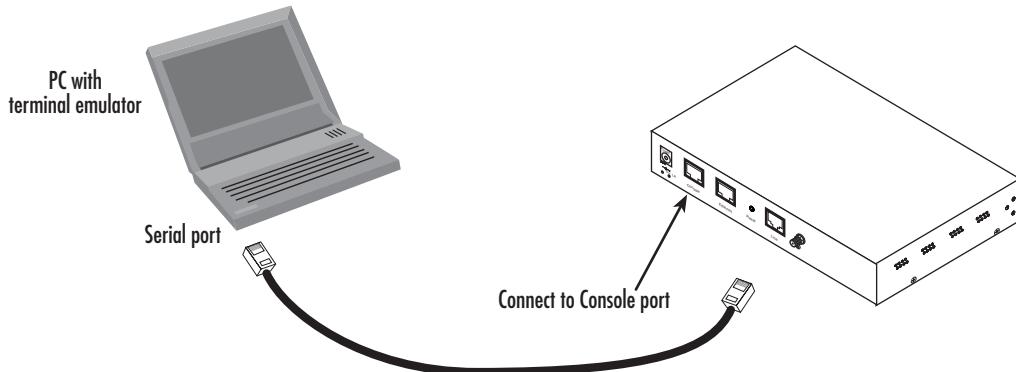


Figure 1. Connecting the 3231 to the PC's serial port

1. Start a HyperTerminal session on the PC using the settings:  
9600 bps, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control
2. Log in to the 3231 using the factory-default login (*superuser*) and password (*superuser*):

## Precautions

Notes, cautions, and warnings, which have the following meanings, are used throughout this guide to help you become aware of potential problems.

**Note** A note presents additional information or interesting sidelights.



The alert symbol and **IMPORTANT** heading calls attention to important information.



The alert symbol and **CAUTION** heading indicate a potential hazard. Strictly follow the instructions to avoid property damage.

## Typographical conventions used in this document

This section describes the typographical conventions and terms used in this guide.

### General conventions

The procedures described in this manual use the following text conventions:

Table 1. General conventions

Convention	Meaning
Garamond blue type	Indicates a cross-reference hyperlink that points to a figure, graphic, table, or section heading. Clicking on the hyperlink jumps you to the reference. When you have finished reviewing the reference, click on the <b>Go to Previous View</b> button  in the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader toolbar to return to your starting point.
<b>Futura bold type</b>	Commands and keywords are in <b>boldface</b> font.
<b>Futura bold-italic type</b>	Parts of commands, which are related to elements already named by the user, are in <b>boldface italic</b> font.
<i>Italicized Futura type</i>	Variables for which you supply values are in <i>italic</i> font
Futura type	Indicates the names of fields or windows.
Garamond bold type	Indicates the names of command buttons that execute an action.

# Chapter 1 **Alarm Commands**

---

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## alarm all alarmStatus

Set the alarm state for all alarms.

Table 2. alarm all alarmStatus

Command	Explanation
<b>alarm all alarmStatus clear</b>	Set the alarm state to "clear" for all alarms. Does not clear the number of occurrences and the time of the most recent occurrence.
<b>alarm all alarmStatus reset</b>	Set the alarm state to "clear" for all alarms. Clears the number of occurrences and the time of the most recent occurrence.

## alarm set <index> alarmSeverity

Set the index for the severity level of an alarm.

Table 3. alarm set <index> alarmSeverity

Command	Explanation
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Severity critical</b>	Determine the level of importance for specific alarms. Critical/Major = The most severe alarms
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Severity ignore</b>	Ignore/Informational/Minor = Non-severe alarms
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Severity informational</b>	
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Severity major</b>	
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Severity minor</b>	

## alarm set <index> alarmStatus

Set the index for the status level of an alarm.

Table 4. alarm set <index> alarmStatus

Command	Explanation
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Status active</b>	Mark the alarm condition as a currently present alarm.
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Status clear</b>	Clear a specific alarm. Does not clear the number of occurrences or the most recent occurrence.
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Status inactive</b>	Mark the alarm condition as not currently present.
<b>alarm set &lt;index&gt; alarm Status reset</b>	Clear a specific alarm. Clears the number of occurrences or the most recent occurrence.

## alarm show

Show alarm status.

Table 5. alarm show

Command	Explanation
<b>alarm show</b>	Show alarm status.

### Example Output: alarm show

```
--> alarm show

Current Box State: Major

Alarm Table

      Alarm
Active | ID   | Alarm String          | Severity    | Time       | Count
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      | 1   | PP Over Threshold    | Informational| 00:00:00s  | 0
      | 2   | NP Over Threshold    | Informational| 00:00:00s  | 0
      | 3   | G.SHDSL Loss Of Signal| Major      | 00:00:00s  | 0
**** | 4   | Ethernet Link Down   | Major      | 00:00:05s  | 1
-----+
```

# Chapter 2 **Bridge Commands**

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## bridge add interface

Add a named interface to the bridge.

Table 6. bridge add interface

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge add interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Add a named interface to the bridge.

## bridge attach

---

Attach existing transport to existing bridge interface.

Table 7. bridge attach

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge attach &lt;name&gt; &lt;transport&gt;</b>	Attach existing transport to existing bridge interface.

## bridge clear interfaces

Remove all bridge interfaces.

Table 8. bridge clear interfaces

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge clear interfaces</b>	Remove all bridge interfaces.

## bridge delete interface

Remove specific bridge interface.

Table 9. bridge delete interface

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge delete interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove specific bridge interface.

## bridge detach

---

Detach a transport from a bridge interface.

Table 10. bridge detach

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge detach &lt;name&gt;</b>	Detach a transport from a bridge interface.

## bridge list interfaces

List bridge interfaces.

Table 11. bridge list interfaces

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge list interfaces</b>	List bridge interfaces.

### Example Output: bridge list interfaces

```
--> bridge list interfaces

Bridge Interfaces:

ID |     Name      | Filter Type |   Transport
---|-----|-----|-----|
 1 | br1         | All          | eth1
 2 | br2         | All          | ppp1
 3 | br3         | All          | rfc1
-----
```

## bridge set

---

Configure bridge attributes.

Table 12. bridge set

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge set dhcpFilteredPort &lt;port&gt;</b>	Set the DHCP filtered port.
<b>bridge set dhcpMACFiltering</b>	<b>disable</b>
	<b>enable</b>
<b>bridge set filterage</b>	<filterage>
	Set the time of no activity after which MAC addresses are removed from the filter table.
<b>bridge set interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	<b>filtertype all</b>
	<b>filtertype ip</b>
	<b>filtertype pppoe</b>
	<b>portfilter &lt;port&gt;</b>
	<b>spanning cost &lt;pathcost&gt;</b>
	Allow STP to make better decisions on which port to forward on. The lower the cost, the more likely that port is to enter the forwarding state. For example, you might assign a low cost to the Ethernet port and a higher one to a PPP interface because the Ethernet interface has more bandwidth.
	<b>spanning priority&lt;priority&gt;</b>
	Allow STP to advertise different priorities out different interfaces.
<b>bridge set spanning</b>	<b>disabled</b>
	<b>enabled</b>
	<b>forwarddelay &lt;delay&gt;</b>
	<b>hellotime &lt;hellotime&gt;</b>
	<b>maxage &lt;maxage&gt;</b>
	<b>priority &lt;priority&gt;</b>
	Set the time that the bridge spends in listening or learning states when the bridge is or is attempting to become the root bridge.
	Set the time after which the spanning tree process sends notification of changes to the root bridge.
	Set the maximum age of received spanning tree protocol information before it is discarded.
	Assign priority to the bridge; The lower the priority number, the more significant the bridge becomes in protocol terms.

## bridge show

Display bridge/interface settings.

Table 13. bridge show

Command	Explanation
<b>bridge show</b>	Display bridge/interface settings.
<b>bridge show interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display named interface settings.

### Example Output: bridge show

```
--> bridge show

Global bridge configuration:

    Filter age: 300
    DHCP MAC Filtering: false
    DHCP Filtered Port: bun/port=etherenet

Spanning bridge configuration:

    Spanning: false
    Priority: 32768
    Forward delay: 15
    Hello time: 2
    Max. age: 20
```

### Example Output: bridge show interface br1

```
--> bridge show interface br1

Bridge Interface: br1

    Filter Type: All
    Port Filter: All
```

# Chapter 3 **CPE Config Commands**

---

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## cpeconfig action

**Note** This command is only available on the CO unit. Refer to the *Getting Started Guide* for more information.

Transmit/receive the CPE configuration.

Table 14. cpeconfig action

Command	Explanation
<b>cpeconfig action get</b>	Request CPE to send its configuration.
<b>cpeconfig action set</b>	Command CPE to configure itself.

## cpeconfig set

**Note** This command is only available on the CO unit. Refer to the *Getting Started Guide* for more information.

Set CPE configurable parameters.

Table 15. cpeconfig set

Command	Explanation
<b>cpeconfig set defaultgw &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set default GW as format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
<b>cpeconfig set dslrateTS &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set DSL data rate as n_64kbps.
<b>cpeconfig set ipaddress &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set IP Address as format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
<b>cpeconfig set netmask &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set Net Mask as format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

## cpeconfig show

**Note** This command is only available on the CO unit. Refer to the *Getting Started Guide* for more information.

Show the CPE's configuration.

Table 16. cpeconfig show

Command	Explanation
<b>cpeconfig show</b>	Show the CPE's configuration.

### Example Output: cpeconfig show

```
--> cpeconfig show

Configuration State: Initializing

    Timeslots: 36
    IP Address: 192.168.200.10
    Netmask: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0
```

# Chapter 4    **Ethernet Commands**

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Example Output: ethernet show transport eth1 .....	37

## ethernet add transport

Create ethernet transport.

Table 17. ethernet add transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet add transport &lt;name&gt; &lt;port&gt;</b>	Create ethernet transport.

## **ethernet clear transports**

---

Remove all ethernet transports

Table 18. ethernet clear transports

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet clear transports</b>	Remove all ethernet transports.

## ethernet delete transport

Remove single ethernet transport.

Table 19. ethernet delete transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet delete transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove single ethernet transport.

## ethernet list

List ethernet ports and transports.

Table 20. ethernet list

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet list ports</b>	List ports available to transport ethernet data.
<b>ethernet list transports</b>	Show ethernet transports.

### Example Output: ethernet list ports

```
--> ethernet list ports

Valid ethernet port names:
    ethernet
```

### Example Output: ethernet list transports

```
--> ethernet list transports

Ethernet transports:

  ID |     Name      |     Port
  ---|-----|-----
    1 | eth1        | ethernet
  -----
```

## ethernet set transport

Set port of an existing ethernet transport.

Table 21. ethernet set transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet set transport &lt;name&gt; ethernetport &lt;port&gt;</b>	Set the port to be used as a physical Ethernet port.
<b>ethernet set transport &lt;name&gt; port &lt;port&gt;</b>	Set the port that an existing Ethernet port uses to transport ethernet data.

## ethernet show transport

Display existing ethernet transport.

Table 22. ethernet set transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ethernet show transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display existing ethernet transport.

### Example Output: **ethernet show transport eth1**

```
--> ethernet show transport eth1

Ethernet transport: eth1

Description: eth1
    Port: ethernet
```

# Chapter 5 Firewall Commands

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## firewall add policy

---

Add a firewall policy.

Table 23. firewall add policy

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall add policy &lt;name&gt; dmz-internal</b>	Add a firewall policy between the DMZ interface and the internal interface.
	<b>allowonly-val</b> Allow only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.
	<b>blockonly-val</b> Block only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.
<b>firewall add policy &lt;name&gt; external-dmz</b>	Add a firewall policy between the external interface and the DMZ interface.
	<b>allowonly-val</b> Allow only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.
	<b>blockonly-val</b> Block only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.
<b>firewall add policy &lt;name&gt; external-internal</b>	Add a firewall policy between the external interface and the internal interface.
	<b>allowonly-val</b> Allow only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.
	<b>blockonly-val</b> Block only traffic to and/or from the IP address set in the firewall add validator command.

## firewall add portfilter

---

Add a port filter to a firewall policy.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**firewall add portfilter <name> <policynname>**.

Table 24. **firewall add portfilter <name> <policynname>**

<b>Command</b>			<b>Explanation</b>
<b>ftp</b>	<b>both</b>		Allow inbound/outbound transport of FTP packets between inside and outside interfaces.
	<b>inbound</b>		Allow transport of FTP packets from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed..
	<b>outbound</b>		Allow transport of FTP packets from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.
<b>http</b>	<b>both</b>		Allow inbound/outbound transport of HTTP packets between inside and outside interfaces.
	<b>inbound</b>		Allow transport of HTTP packets from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed.
	<b>outbound</b>		Allow transport of HTTP packets from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.
<b>icmp</b>	<b>both</b>		Allow inbound/outbound transport of ICMP packets between inside and outside interfaces
	<b>inbound</b>		Allow transport of ICMP packets from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed.
	<b>outbound</b>		Allow transport of ICMP packets from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.
<b>protocol</b>	<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	<b>both</b>	Allow inbound/outbound transport of packets of the specified protocol number between inside and outside interfaces.
		<b>inbound</b>	Allow transport of packets of the specified protocol number from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed.
		<b>outbound</b>	Allow transport of packets of the specified protocol number from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.

Table 24. firewall add portfilter &lt;name&gt; &lt;policynname&gt;

Command				Explanation
<b>smtp</b>	<b>both</b>			
	<b>inbound</b>			
	<b>outbound</b>			
<b>tcp</b>	<startport>	<endport>	<b>both</b>	Allow inbound/outbound transport of TCP packets between inside and outside interfaces.
			<b>inbound</b>	Allow transport of TCP packets from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed.
			<b>outbound</b>	Allow transport of TCP packets from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.
<b>telnet</b>	<b>both</b>			
	<b>inbound</b>			
	<b>outbound</b>			
<b>udp</b>	<startport>	<endport>	<b>both</b>	Allow inbound/outbound transport of UDP packets between inside and outside interfaces.
			<b>inbound</b>	Allow transport of UDP packets from an outside interface to an inside interface. Outbound transport is not allowed.
			<b>outbound</b>	Allow transport of UDP packets from an inside interface to an outside interface. Inbound transport is not allowed.

## firewall add validator

Add a validator to a firewall policy.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**firewall add validator <name> <policyname>**.

Table 25. firewall add validator

Command			Explanation
<b>both</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	<b>&lt;hostipmask&gt;</b>	Filter inbound and outbound traffic based on IP addresses.
<b>inbound</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	<b>&lt;hostipmask&gt;</b>	Block incoming traffic based on IP addresses.
<b>outbound</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	<b>&lt;hostipmask&gt;</b>	Block outgoing traffic based on IP addresses.

## firewall clear

Delete all firewall policies or portfilters from an existing configuration.

Table 26. firewall clear

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall clear policies</b>	Delete all existing policies from the firewall configuration.
<b>firewall clear portfilters &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Delete all portfilters that were added to an existing firewall policy using the <code>firewall add portfilter</code> command.

## firewall delete

---

Delete a firewall policy or portfilter from an existing configuration

Table 27. firewall delete

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall delete policy &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete a specific existing policy from the firewall configuration.
<b>firewall delete portfilter &lt;name&gt; &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Delete a specific existing portfilter from the firewall configuration.
<b>firewall delete validator &lt;name&gt; &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Delete a specific existing validator from a named policy.

## firewall disable

Disable firewall features.

Table 28. firewall disable

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall disable</b>	Disable all firewall features.
<b>firewall disable IDS</b>	Disable IDS features of the firewall.
<b>firewall disable blockinglog</b>	Disable logging of firewall blocking.
<b>firewall disable intrusionlog</b>	Disable logging of firewall intruders.
<b>firewall disable sessionlog</b>	Disable logging of firewall sessions.

## firewall enable

Enable firewall features.

Table 29. firewall enable

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall enable</b>	Enable all firewall features.
<b>firewall enable IDS</b>	Enable IDS features of the firewall.
<b>firewall enable blockinglog</b>	Enable logging of firewall blocking.
<b>firewall enable intrusionlog</b>	Enable logging of firewall intruders.
<b>firewall enable sessionlog</b>	Enable logging of firewall sessions.

## firewall list

Show information about specific firewall features.

Table 30. firewall list

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall list policies</b>	Show information about policies that were added to the firewall.
<b>firewall list portfilters &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Show information about portfilters that were added to a firewall policy.
<b>firewall list protocol</b>	List the port numbers assigned to various protocols as given in RFC 1700. These numbers can be used in commands that require a protocol number.
<b>firewall list validators &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Show information about validators that were added to a policy.

## **Example Output: firewall list policies**

## **Example Output: firewall list portfilters pex\_in**

```
--> firewall list portfilters pex_in
```

## Firewall Port Filters:

ID	Name	Type	Port Range		In	Out	Raw	TCP	UDP
1	hei_http	6	80	- 80	false	true	false	true	false
2	hei_dns	17	53	- 53	false	true	false	false	true
3	hei_tdns	6	53	- 53	false	true	false	true	false
4	hei_ftp	6	21	- 21	false	false	false	true	false
5	hei_tnet	6	23	- 23	false	false	false	true	false
6	hei_smtp	6	25	- 25	false	true	false	true	false
7	hei_pop3	6	110	- 110	false	true	false	true	false
8	hei_nntp	6	119	- 119	false	false	false	true	false
9	hei_rav	17	7070	- 7070	false	false	false	false	true
10	hei_icmp	1	0	- 0	false	true	true	false	false
11	hei_h323	6	1720	- 1720	false	false	false	true	false
12	hei_t120	6	1503	- 1503	false	false	false	true	false
13	hei_ssh	6	22	- 22	false	false	false	true	false

**Example Output: *firewall list protocol***

```
--> firewall list protocol

Assigned Internet Protocol Numbers
see RFC 1700 "Assigned Numbers"
section "Protocol Numbers" pages 7 - 9

 1 ICMP      Internet Control Message
 2 IGMP      Internet Group Management
 3 GGP       Gateway-to-Gateway
 4 IP        IP in IP (encapsulation)
 6 TCP       Transmission Control
 8 EGP       Exterior Gateway Protocol
 9 IGP       any private interior gateway
17 UDP       User Datagram
46 RSVP     Reservation Protocol
47 GRE      General Routing Encapsulation
89 OSPFIGP   OSPFIGP
92 MTP      Multicast Transport Protocol
94 IPIP     IP-within-IP Encapsulation Protocol
```

**Example Output: *firewall list validators pdmz\_in***

```
--> firewall list validators pdmz_in

Firewall Host Validators:

  ID |     Name      | Direction |      Host IP      |      Mask
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
    1 | item0        | both      | 192.168.200.1  | 255.255.255.0
-----+
```

## firewall set IDS

---

Configure the firewall Intrusion Detection Service (IDS) feature.

Table 31. firewall set IDS

Command		Explanation
<b>firewall set IDS</b>	<b>DOSattackblock</b>	<b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> Set the length of time (in seconds) that the firewall blocks suspicious hosts for once a DOS attack attempt has been detected by the firewall.
	<b>MaxICMP</b>	<b>&lt;max&gt;</b> Set the maximum number (per second) of ICMP packets that are allowed before an ICMP Flood attempt is detected.
	<b>MaxPING</b>	<b>&lt;max&gt;</b> Set the maximum number (per second) of pings that are allowed before an Echo Storm attempt is detected.
	<b>MaxTCPopenhandshake</b>	<b>&lt;max&gt;</b> Set the maximum number of unfinished TCP handshaking sessions per second that are allowed by the firewall before a SYN Flood is detected.
	<b>SCANattackblock</b>	<b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> Set the length of time (in seconds) that the firewall blocks all suspicious hosts for after it has detected scan activity on the firewall.
	<b>blacklist</b>	<b>clear</b> Clear blacklisting of an external host. <b>disable</b> Disable blacklisting of an external host if IDS has detected an intrusion from that host. <b>enable</b> Enable blacklisting of an external host if IDS has detected an intrusion from that host.
	<b>victimprotection</b>	<b>disable</b> Disable the victim protection feature. <b>enable</b> Protect the victim from an attempted spoofing attack.

## firewall set securitylevel

Set the desired level of security for the firewall.

Table 32. firewall set securitylevel

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall set securitylevel</b>	<b>high</b> Use a <b>high</b> level of firewall security between interfaces.
	<b>low</b> Use a <b>low</b> level of firewall security between interfaces.
	<b>medium</b> Use a <b>medium</b> level of firewall security between interfaces.
	<b>none</b> Block all IP traffic for every security interface.
	<b>userdefined &lt;slevel&gt;</b> Select a security configuration that was previously created.

## firewall set validator

Configure the settings for a validator.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**firewall set validator <name> <policyname>**.

Table 33. firewall set validator

Command	Explanation
<b>disabled</b>	Disable a validator that has been added to a policy. This allows it to be temporarily disabled without forcing the user to delete and then recreate it. This could be useful in a testing scenario.
<b>enabled</b>	Enable a validator that has been added to a policy.
<b>interface &lt;interface-name&gt;</b>	This validator will use the IP address of an existing IP interface.
<b>ipaddress &lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	Set the validator IP address.
<b>netmask &lt;hostipmask&gt;</b>	Set the validator netmask.

## firewall show

---

Display information about a firewall setting.

Table 34. firewall show

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall show IDS blacklist</b>	Show the hosts that are currently blacklisted by the intrusion detection system.
<b>firewall show policy &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display information about a specific policy that was added to the firewall.
<b>firewall show portfilter &lt;name&gt; &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Display information about a specific portfilter that was added to a firewall policy.
<b>firewall show validator &lt;name&gt; &lt;policyname&gt;</b>	Display information about a specific validator that was added to a firewall policy.

### Example Output: **firewall show IDS**

```
--> firewall show IDS

Firewall IDS:

        IDS Enabled: true
        Use Blacklist: false
        Use Victim Protection: false
        Dos Attack Block Duration: 1800
        Scan Attack Block Duration: 86400
        Victim Protection Block Duration: 600
        Max TCP Open Handshaking Count: 100
                Max PING Count: 15
                Max ICMP Count: 100
```

### Example Output: **firewall show IDS blacklist**

```
--> firewall show IDS blacklist

ALCWGetIDSBlackList succeeded, returned number = 0
```

### Example Output: **firewall show policy pex\_in**

```
--> firewall show policy pex_in

Firewall Policy: pex_in

Interface Type 1: external
Interface Type 2: internal

Allow Only Validator: false
```

**Example Output: *firewall show portfilter hei\_http pex\_in***

```
--> firewall show portfilter hei_http pex_in

Firewall Port Filter: hei_http

    Transport type: 6
    Port number start: 80
    Port number end: 80
    Inbound permission: false
    Outbound permission: true
        Raw IP: false
        TCP permission: true
        UDP permission: false
```

**Example Output: *firewall show validator item0 pdmz\_in***

```
--> firewall show validator item0 pdmz_in

Firewall Host Validator: item0

Direction: both
    Host IP: 192.168.200.1
    Host Mask: 255.255.255.0
```

## firewall status

---

Display information about the firewall security level and logging status.

Table 35. firewall status

Command	Explanation
<b>firewall status</b>	Display information about the firewall security level and logging status.

### **Example Output: firewall status**

```
--> firewall status
Firewall enabled.
Firewall security level: high.
Firewall session logging enabled.
Firewall blocking logging enabled.
Firewall intrusion logging disabled.
```

# Chapter 6 **G.SHDSL Commands**

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## **gshdsl set BERMeterMode**

---

Configure pattern generation

Table 36. gshdsl set BERMeterMode

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set BERMeterMode 511</b>	Configure pattern generation mode.
<b>gshdsl set BERMeterMode 511E</b>	Configure pattern generation mode that inserts errors into the pattern every two seconds.
<b>gshdsl set BERMeterMode off</b>	Disable pattern generation/detection.

## **gshdsl set Clocking**

---

Configure clock mode.

Table 37. gshdsl set Clocking

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set Clocking central_internal</b>	DSL clock is provided by the unit; Set the unit as CO.
<b>gshdsl set Clocking remote_receive_recover</b>	Recover clock from DSL; Set the unit as CPE.

## **gshdsl set EthLinkKill**

---

Configure the EthLinkKill feature.

Table 38. gshdsl set EthLinkKill

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set EthLinkKill disable</b>	Disable EthLinkKill feature.
<b>gshdsl set EthLinkKill enable</b>	Disconnect the Ethernet link if the DSL link is down.

## **gshdsl set LineProbe**

---

Configure the line probe feature.

Table 39. gshdsl set LineProbe

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set LineProbe disable</b>	Disable Line Probe feature.
<b>gshdsl set LineProbe enable</b>	Find highest rate automatically that the line will support and set the DSL rate (up to 2.3 Mbps).

## **gshdsl set action**

---

Save or shut down DSL configurations.

Table 40. gshdsl set action

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set action deactivate</b>	Shut down the DSL port.
<b>gshdsl set action start</b>	Save DSL configuration changes; Always run after making changes to the DSL configuration.

## **gshdsl set clockingcombination**

---

Configure clock mode.

Table 41. gshdsl set clockingcombination

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set clockingcombination central_internal</b>	DSL clock is provided by the unit; Set the unit as CO.
<b>gshdsl set clockingcombination remote_receive_recover</b>	Recover clock from DSL; Set the unit as CPE.

## **gshdsl set datarate1**

---

Set I-bit of data rate.

Table 42. gshdsl set datarate1

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set datarate1 &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set I-bit of data rate (0-7).

## **gshdsl set dslrateTS**

---

Set data rate.

Table 43. gshdsl set dslrateTS

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set dslrateTS &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set data rate ( n times 64kbps).

## **gshdsl set errMonIntervalCnt**

---

Set the number of intervals in error before the DSL link restarts.

Table 44. gshdsl set errMonIntervalCnt

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set errMonIntervalCnt &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set the number of intervals in error before the DSL link restarts.

## **gshdsl set errMonIntervalThreshold**

---

Set the number of allowable errors per interval.

Table 45. gshdsl set errMonIntervalThreshold

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set errMonIntervalThreshold &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set the number of allowable errors per interval.

## **gshdsl set errMonIntervalTime**

---

Set the length in seconds of the current interval.

Table 46. gshdsl set errMonIntervalTime

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set errMonIntervalTime &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set the length in seconds of the current interval.

## **gshdsl set errMonStartupDelay**

---

Set the amount of time to wait, after the link is up, before monitoring the DSL link.

Table 47. gshdsl set errMonStartupDelay

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set errMonStartupDelay &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set the amount of time to wait, after the link is up, before monitoring the DSL link.

## **gshdsl set errMonTotalIntervals**

---

Set the number of intervals to test before monitoring is disabled.

Table 48. gshdsl set errMonTotalIntervals

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set errMonTotalIntervals &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Set the number of intervals to test before monitoring is disabled.

## **gshdsl set gshannex**

---

Set the annex for the dsl port.

Table 49. gshdsl set gshannex

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set gshannex AnnexA</b>	Set Annex A for countries using T1.
<b>gshdsl set gshannex AnnexB</b>	Set Annex B for countries using E1 or RFC1483.

## **gshdsl set interface**

---

Set the interface for the dsl port.

Table 50. gshdsl set interface

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set interface atm</b>	Set when using pppoa.
<b>gshdsl set interface hdlc</b>	Set when using pppoh.

## **gshdsl set terminal**

---

Set the unit as a CO or a CPE.

Table 51. gshdsl set terminal

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl set terminal central</b>	Set the unit as a CO.
<b>gshdsl set terminal remote</b>	Set the unit as a CPE.

## **gshdsl seta**

---

Modify an attribute for G.SHDSL.

Table 52. gshdsl seta

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl seta &lt;attrname&gt; &lt;newvalue&gt;</b>	Modify an attribute.

## **gshdsl show**

---

Display an attribute for G.SHDSL.

Table 53. gshdsl show

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl show</b>	Display all attributes.
<b>gshdsl show &lt;attrname&gt;</b>	Display a specific attribute.

### **Example Output: gshdsl show**

```
--> gshdsl show

General Information:
    Version : 1.00
    Platform : Unknown
    Zip Wire Version : Software:4.2.0    DSP Silicon:75.4   AFE:0.8
        Connected : FALSE
        Modem State : In Progress

Attributes Setting:
    Action : Start
    Clocking Combination : remote_receiverecover
        Terminal : remote
        DSLRate TS : 36
        Serial TS : ACCESS FAILED
    Data Rate I : 0
    Actual Rate : 2304
        Interface : atm
        PCMMode : Ethernet
        Loopback : Off
        Clocking : Internal
    TPClk Polarity : Normal
    RPClk Polarity : Normal
        Ghs Annex : AnnexA
        Cnt Clear : Normal
        Line Probe : Disable
        IBit Mask : 0
        LPOpt Rate : 0
        TPSTCConfig : DoNotModify
        Eth Link Kill : false

Status Information:
    LBStatus : Off
    Loss Of Signal : Signal Loss
    Loss Of Sync Word : Sync Word Loss
    Line Condition : Poor
    Noise Margin : 0.0
    Line Attenuation : 0
        DSLSync State : Out Of Sync
        Nb Dpll Lock : Not Locked
            Dpll Lock : Not Locked
        Rx Fifo Err : Normal
        Tx Fifo Err : Normal
        Tx Stuff Err : Normal
        Valid TPClk : Valid TX PCM Clock
```

## **gshdsl showTestMode**

---

Display test mode information.

Table 54. gshdsl showTestMode

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl showTestMode</b>	Display Loopback and BERT counters.

### **Example Output: gshdsl showTestMode**

```
--> gshdsl showTestMode

Test Mode:
    Loopback : Off
    BERMeter Mode : off

BERT Counters:
    BERMeter Error : 0
    BERMeter Time : 0
    BERMeter Status : Idle
    BERErr Overflow : 0
    Local Loop State : IDLE
    F11Pattern State : IDLE
```

## **gshdsl showc**

---

Display error counters.

Table 55. gshdsl showc

Command	Explanation
<b>gshdsl showc</b>	Display error counters.

### **Example Output: gshdsl showc**

```
--> gshdsl showc

Error Counters (FIFO):
    Cnt RPFifo Full : 0
    Cnt RPFifo Empty : 0
    Cnt RPFifo Slip : 0
    Cnt TPFifo Full : 0
    Cnt TPFifo Empty : 0
    Cnt TPFifo Slip : 0
    Cnt TXStuff : 0
    Cnt PCMDpll : 0

Error Counters (Signal):
    Cnt CRC : 0
    Cnt SEGD : 0
    Cnt LOSW : 0
    Cnt SEGA : 0
    Cnt LOSD : 0

Error Counters (ATM):
    Cnt ATMTx Cell : 0
    Cnt ATMRx Cell : 0
    Cnt ATMTx Idle Cell : 0
    Cnt ATMRx Idle Cell : 0

Error Monitor Values:
    Err Mon Interval : 1
    Err Mon Interval Cnt : 3
    Err Mon Threshold : 3
    Err Mon Total Intervals : 10
    Err Mon Startup Delay : 5
```

# Chapter 7 **Help Commands**

---

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## help

---

Display help menu.

Table 56. help

Command	Explanation
help	Display top-level help menu.

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## ip add defaultroute

---

Configure default IP routes.

Table 57. ip add defaultroute

Command	Explanation
<b>ip add defaultroute gateway &lt;gatewayip&gt;</b>	Enter an IP address of the gateway that the route will use by default.
<b>ip add defaultroute interface &lt;interface&gt;</b>	Enter the name of the existing interface that the route will use.

## ip add interface

Add an IP interface.

Table 58. ip add interface

Command	Explanation
<b>ip add interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Add a named interface and set its IP address (optional).
<b>ip add interface &lt;name&gt; &lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	
<b>ip add interface &lt;name&gt; &lt;ipaddress&gt; &lt;netmask&gt;</b>	

## ip add route

---

Add an IP route.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**ip add route <name> <dest\_ip> <netmask>.**

Table 59. ip add route

Command	Explanation
<b>gateway &lt;gateway_ip&gt;</b>	Enter the IP address of the gateway that the route will use.
<b>interface &lt;interface&gt;</b>	Enter the name of the existing interface that the route will use.

## ip attach

---

Add a transport to an IP interface.

Table 60. ip attach

Command	Explanation
<b>ip attach &lt;name&gt; &lt;transport&gt;</b>	Attach an existing transport to an existing IP interface.

## ip attachbridge

Attach a bridge to the router.

Table 61. ip attachbridge

Command	Explanation
<b>ip attachbridge &lt;name&gt;</b>	Attach the bridge to the router via an existing IP interface.

## ip attachvirtual

Create a virtual interface.

Table 62. ip attachvirtual

Command	Explanation
<b>ip attachvirtual &lt;name&gt; &lt;real_interface&gt;</b>	Create a virtual interface that is associated with a "real" IP interface that has already been attached to a transport.

## ip clear

---

Clear attributes from an IP interface.

Table 63. ip clear

Command	Explanation
<b>ip clear arptries</b>	Clear all ARP entries listed in the IP ARP table.
<b>ip clear interfaces</b>	Clear all IP interfaces that were created.
<b>ip clear riproutes</b>	Delete all of the existing dynamic routes that have been obtained from RIP.
<b>ip clear routes</b>	Clear all static routes that were created.

## ip delete

---

Delete an IP interface or route.

Table 64. ip delete

Command	Explanation
<b>ip delete interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete a specific IP interface.
<b>ip delete route &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete a specific route.

## ip detach

Detach a transport from an IP interface.

Table 65. ip detach

Command	Explanation
<b>ip detach &lt;name&gt;</b>	Detach a transport from an IP interface.

## ip interface

---

Configure an IP interface.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**ip interface <name>**.

Table 66. ip interface <name>

Command			Explanation
<b>add</b>	<b>proxyarpentry</b>	<ipaddress>	Configure proxy ARP functionality on an existing IP interface.
	<b>proxyarpentry</b>	<ipaddress> <netmask>	Enter the netmask address of the interface.
	<b>proxyarpexclusion</b>	<ipaddress>	Configure proxy ARP exclusion functionality on an existing IP interface.
	<b>proxyarpexclusion</b>	<ipaddress> <netmask>	Enter the netmask address of the interface.
	<b>secondaryipaddress</b>	<ipaddress>	Add a secondary IP address to an existing IP interface.
	<b>secondaryipaddress</b>	<ipaddress> <netmask>	Enter the netmask address of the interface.
<b>clear</b>	<b>proxyarpentries</b>		Clear all proxy ARP entries and exclusions.
	<b>secondaryipaddresses</b>		Delete all additional IP addresses that have been added to an existing IP interface.
<b>delete</b>	<b>proxyarpentry</b>	<number>	Delete a specific proxy ARP entry.
	<b>proxyarpexclusion</b>	<number>	Delete a specific proxy ARP exclusion entry.
	<b>secondaryipaddress</b>	<number>	Delete a specific secondary IP address.
<b>list</b>	<b>proxyarpentries</b>		Display information about proxy ARP entries and exclusions.
	<b>secondaryipaddresses</b>		Display a list of secondary IP addresses and netmasks that have been added to an existing IP interface.

***Example Output: ip interface ip1 list proxyarpentries***

```
--> ip interface ip1 list proxyarpentries

Proxy ARP entries for interface: ip1

ID | IP Address | Netmask | Exclude
---|---|---|---
 1 | 192.168.200.1 | 255.255.255.255 | false
 2 | 192.168.200.2 | 255.255.255.255 | true
-----
```

***Example Output: ip interface ip1 list secondaryipaddresses***

```
--> ip interface ip1 list secondaryipaddresses

Secondary IP addresses for interface: ip1

ID | IP Address | Netmask
---|---|---
 1 | 192.168.200.11 | 255.255.255.0
-----
```

## ip list

---

Display information for an IP address.

Table 67. ip list

Command	Explanation
<b>ip list arpentries</b>	Display ARP table information.
<b>ip list connections</b>	Display a list of active TCP/UDP connections in use by applications running on the device.
<b>ip list interfaces</b>	Display information about IP interfaces.
<b>ip list riproutes</b>	Display information about the routes that have been obtained from RIP.
<b>ip list routes</b>	Display information about existing routes.

### Example Output: ip list arpentries

```
--> ip list arpentries

IP ARP table entries:

IP address      | MAC address      | Interface    | Static
-----|-----|-----|-----
192.168.200.1  | 00:a0:c9:b7:fd:23 | ip1          | no
-----
```

### Example Output: ip list connections

```
--> ip list connections

Local TCP/UDP connections:

Proto | Local address            | Remote address        | State
-----|-----|-----|-----|
tcp   | *:53                   | *:*                  | LISTEN
tcp   | *:23                   | *:*                  | LISTEN
tcp   | *:80                   | *:*                  | LISTEN
udp   | *:50003                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:520                  | *:*                  |
udp   | *:50002                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:55003                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:55002                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:55001                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:55000                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:50001                | *:*                  |
udp   | *:53                   | *:*                  |
udp   | *:161                  | *:*                  |
udp   | *:69                   | *:*                  |
udp   | *:123                  | *:*                  |
-----
```

***Example Output: ip list interfaces***

```
--> ip list interfaces

IP Interfaces:

ID | Name | IP Address | DHCP | Transport
---|-----|-----|-----|-----
 1 | ip1  | 192.168.200.10 | disabled | <BRIDGE>
-----
```

***Example Output: ip list riproutes***

```
--> ip list riproutes

IP RIP routes:

Destination | Mask | Gateway | Cost | Time | Source
-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----
-----
```

***Example Output: ip list routes***

```
--> ip list routes

IP routes:

ID | Name | Destination | Netmask | Gateway / Interface
---|-----|-----|-----|-----
 1 | default | 0.0.0.0 | 0.0.0.0 | 192.168.200.1
 2 | item0 | 10.0.0.0 | 255.255.255.0 | ip1
-----
```

## ip ping

---

Ping an IP address.

Table 68. ip ping

Command	Explanation
<b>ip ping &lt;name&gt;</b>	Excute Ping command to specified IP address.

## ip set interface

---

Configure specific settings for an IP interface.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**ip set interface <name>**.

Table 69. ip set interface <name>

Command		Explanation	
<b>dhcp</b>	<b>disabled</b>	The interface does not use DHCP client information.	
	<b>enabled</b>	The interface obtains its configuration information from the DHCP client.	
<b>ipaddress</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	Set the IP address for the existing IP interface.	
	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b> <b>&lt;netmask&gt;</b>	Set the netmask address of the interface.	
<b>mtu</b>	<b>&lt;mtu&gt;</b>	Set the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for an existing IP interface.	
<b>netmask</b>	<b>&lt;netmask&gt;</b>	Set the netmask for an existing IP interface.	
<b>rip</b>	<b>accept</b>	<b>all</b>	Set the interface to accept RIP version 1 and RIP version 2 messages.
		<b>none</b>	The interface does not accept RIP messages.
		<b>v1</b>	Set the interface to accept only RIP version 1 messages.
		<b>v2</b>	Set the interface to accept only RIP version 2 messages.
	<b>multicast</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable RIP version 2 messages from being sent via multicast.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow RIP version 2 messages to be sent via multicast.
	<b>send</b>	<b>all</b>	Send RIP version 1 and RIP version 2 messages from the interface.
		<b>none</b>	The interface does not accept RIP messages.
		<b>v1</b>	Send only RIP version 1 messages from the interface.
		<b>v2</b>	Send only RIP version 2 messages from the interface.
<b>tcpmssclamp</b>	<b>disabled</b>	The IP stack will not examine or modify TCP traffic routed through the interface.	
	<b>enabled</b>	Examine and modify TCP SYN packets that are routed through the interface.	

## ip set rip

---

Configure RIP settings for an IP interface.

Table 70. ip set rip

Command		Explanation	
<b>ip set rip</b>	<b>advertisedefault</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable advertisement of a default route.
		<b>enabled</b>	Enable RIP to advertise a default route with the cost metric set.
	<b>authentication</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Reject RIP v2 packets containing an authentication entry.
		<b>enabled</b>	Accept RIP v2 packets that contain an authentication entry with the correct password.
	<b>defaultroutecost</b>	<b>&lt;cost&gt;</b>	Set the number of hops counted as the cost of a default route advertised via RIP.
	<b>hostroutes</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Set the hostroutes flag to OFF.
		<b>enabled</b>	Set the hostroutes flag to ON; Accept RIP routes to specific routes.
	<b>password</b>	<b>&lt;password&gt;</b>	Set an authentication string that is placed on RIP v2 packets.
	<b>poison</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Set the poisoned reverse flag to OFF.
		<b>enabled</b>	Set the poisoned reverse flag to ON; ATMOS TCP/IP performs poisoned reverse.

## ip set route

Configure settings for an IP route.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**ip set route <name>**.

Table 71. ip set route <name>

Command		Explanation	
<b>cost</b>	<cost>		Set the number of hops counted as the cost of the route for a route previously created.
<b>destination</b>	<dest_ip>	<netmask>	Set the destination network address of a route previously created.
<b>gateway</b> <gateway_ip>		Set the gateway address of a route previously created.	
<b>interface</b> <interface>		Set the interface used by a route previously created.	

## ip show

---

Display information for an IP interface.

Table 72. ip show

Command	Explanation
<b>ip show</b>	Display current RIP configuration and any other information global to the router.
<b>ip show debuginfo</b>	Display debugging information.
<b>ip show interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display information about a named interface.
<b>ip show route &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display information about a named route.

### Example Output: ip show debuginfo

```
--> ip show debuginfo
Found IP stack.

Interfaces:
-----
IfIndex: 1 Name: ip1           Addr: 192.168.200.10     Mask: 255.255.255.0
    All addresses:
        192.168.200.10  255.255.255.0
        192.168.200.11  0.0.0.0
    IGMP membership:
    DHCP: disabled          MSS Clamp: disabled
    Rx Filter: none         Tx Filter: none
    IfType: ETHER            MAC: 00:a0:ba:03:71:0e
    Virtual: No              Device: //bridge

IfIndex: 16 Name: loopback      Addr: 127.0.0.1           Mask: 255.0.0.0
    All addresses:
        127.0.0.1       255.0.0.0
    IGMP membership:
    DHCP: disabled          MSS Clamp: disabled
    Rx Filter: none         Tx Filter: none
    IfType: LOOP             MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Virtual: No              Device: (null)

Routing table:
-----
Dst: 0. 0. 0. 0 / 0   Gw: 192.168.200. 1   If: 1   Cost: 1
Dst: 10. 0. 0. 0 / 24  Gw: 0. 0. 0. 0   If: 1   Cost: 1
Dst: 192.168.200. 0 / 24  Gw: 0. 0. 0. 0   If: 1   Cost: 1
Dst: 127. 0. 0. 0 / 8   Gw: 0. 0. 0. 0   If: 16  Cost: 1

IGMP Proxy multicast forwarder:
-----
Upstream interface: none
Group address      Interfaces
```

Pending socket messages:

```
-----  
Socket message pending queue count: 3  
  
Compile time configuration:  
-----  
    QOS support: disabled  
    Checksum forwarded packets: no  
    Validate source addresses: no  
    ATIC Layer 2: not present  
    IPv6 support: not present
```

### **Example Output: ip show interface ip1**

```
--> ip show interface ip1  
  
IP Interface: ip1  
  
    Ipaddr : 192.168.200.10  
        Mask : 255.255.255.0  
        MTU : 1500  
        Dhcp : false  
  
    TCP MSS Clamp : false  
        Accept V1 : false  
            Send V1 : false  
        Accept V2 : false  
            Send V2 : false  
        Send Multicast : false
```

**Note** See “ip interface” on page 88 for other interface addresses.

### **Example Output: ip show route default**

```
--> ip show route default  
  
IP route: default  
  
    Destination: 0.0.0.0  
        Netmask: 0.0.0.0  
        Gateway: 192.168.200.1  
            Cost: 1  
            Interface:  
  
    Route valid: true
```

## ip traceroute

Start or stop a trace route process.

Table 73. ip traceroute

Command	Explanation
<b>ip traceroute start</b>	Start a trace route process.
<b>ip traceroute start &lt;name&gt;</b>	Input multiple parameters for a trace route as a string, i.e.: "-v 0.0.0.0".
<b>ip traceroute stop</b>	Cancel a route trace already in progress.

# Chapter 9 **Logger Commands**

---

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Example Output: logger show .....	101

## logger set

---

Configure syslog.

Table 74. logger set

Command	Explanation
<b>logger set facility</b>	Set the "facility" attribute.
<b>logger set facility &lt;facility&gt;</b>	Set the new value of "facility".
<b>logger set host</b>	Set the log host.
<b>logger set host &lt;host&gt;</b>	Specify the host IP address.

## logger show

Display syslog information.

Table 75. logger show

Command	Explanation
<b>logger show</b>	Show the syslog configuration.

### Example Output: logger show

```
--> logger show

version          = 1.00
host            = 0.0.0.0
ident           =
facility        = 0
```

# Chapter 10 **Port Commands**

---

## **Chapter contents**

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Example Output: port list ethernet .....	104
Example Output: port list hdlc .....	104

## port ethernet

---

Configure the Ethernet port.

Table 76. port ethernet

Command		Explanation		
<b>port ethernet set</b>	<b>100BaseMode</b>	<b>false</b>	Use 10Mbps Ethernet operation.	
		<b>true</b>	Use 100Mbps Ethernet operation.	
	<b>AutoNegotiation</b>	<b>false</b>	Force operation specified by 100BaseMode and FullDuplexMode.	
		<b>true</b>	Allow speed/duplex negotiation.	
	<b>FullDuplexMode</b>	<b>false</b>	Use half duplex Ethernet operation.	
		<b>true</b>	Use full duplex Ethernet operation.	
	<b>Reset</b>	<b>false</b>	Do not reset the Ethernet chip.	
		<b>true</b>	Perform a soft reset on the Ethernet chip.	
<b>port ethernet show</b>		Display port attributes.		
<b>port ethernet status</b>		Display port status.		

## port list

---

List ports and port types.

Table 77. port list

Command	Explanation
<b>port list</b>	List ports by type.
<b>port list all</b>	List all ports.
<b>port list atm</b>	List all ports using atm.
<b>port list ethernet</b>	List all ethernet ports.
<b>port list hdlc</b>	List all ports using hdlc.

### Example Output: port list all

```
--> port list all
Valid port names in class 'all':
  ciao
  atm
  ethernet
  hdlc
```

### Example Output: port list atm

```
--> port list atm
Valid port names in class 'atm':
  atm
```

### Example Output: port list ethernet

```
--> port list ethernet
Valid port names in class 'ethernet':
  ethernet
```

### Example Output: port list hdlc

```
--> port list hdlc
Valid port names in class 'hdlc':
  hdlc
```

# Chapter 11 PPP Commands

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## **ppp add transport**

---

Add a PPP over HDLC (PPPoH) transport.

Table 78. ppp add transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ppp add transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Create PPPoH transport.
<b>ppp add transport &lt;name&gt; dialin &lt;iface&gt; &lt;port&gt;</b>	Create PPPoH transport that accepts dialin connections.
<b>ppp add transport &lt;name&gt; dialout &lt;iface&gt; &lt;port&gt;</b>	Create PPPoH transport that performs dialout.

## **ppp clear transports**

---

Remove all PPPoH transports.

Table 79. ppp clear transports

Command	Explanation
<b>ppp clear transports</b>	Remove all PPPoH transports.

## **ppp delete transport**

---

Remove a single PPPoH transport.

Table 80. ppp delete transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ppp delete transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove a single PPPoH transport.

## ppp list transports

List existing PPPoH transports.

Table 81. ppp list transports

Command	Explanation
<b>ppp list transports</b>	List existing PPPoH transports.

### Example Output: ppp list transports

```
--> ppp list transports

PPPoH transports:

ID | Name      | Port
---+-----+-----
 1 | ppp1     | hdlc
```

## ppp set transport

---

Configure properties for a PPPoH transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**ppp set transport <name>**.

Table 82. ppp set transport

Command			Explanation
<b>dialin</b>			Set an existing PPPoH transport to accept dialin connections.
<b>dialout</b>			Set a PPPoH transport to perform dialout.
<b>disabled</b>			Disable a PPPoH transport.
<b>discoverdns</b>	<b>primary</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable whether the primary DNS server address is requested from a remote PPP peer using IPCP.
		<b>enabled</b>	Request a primary DNS server IP address.
	<b>secondary</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable whether the secondary DNS server address is requested from a remote PPP peer using IPCP.
		<b>enabled</b>	Request a secondary DNS server IP address.
<b>enabled</b>			Enable a PPPoH transport.
<b>givedns</b>	<b>client</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
	<b>relay</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.
<b>headers</b>	<b>hdlc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
	<b>llc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
<b>interface</b>	<b>&lt;iface&gt;</b>		Set the PPP interface for an existing transport.
<b>lcpechoevery</b>	<b>&lt;lcpechoevery&gt;</b>		Tell a specified PPP transport to send an LCP (Link Control Protocol) echo request frame at specified intervals (in seconds).
<b>lcpmaxconf</b>	<b>&lt;lcpmaxconf&gt;</b>		Set the LCP maximum configure number for an existing transport.

Table 82. ppp set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>lcpmaxfail</b>	<b>&lt;lcpmaxfail&gt;</b>	
<b>lcpmaxterm</b>	<b>&lt;lcpmaxterm&gt;</b>	
<b>localip</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	
<b>mru</b>	<b>&lt;mru&gt;</b>	
<b>password</b>	<b>&lt;password&gt;</b>	
<b>remotedns</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress2&gt;</b>
	Set the primary and secondary local DNS server addresses that will be given to a remote PPP peer when the peer requests a primary or secondary DNS server IP address using IPCP.	
<b>remoteip</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	
<b>routemask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	
<b>specificroute</b>	<b>disabled</b>	
	<b>enabled</b>	
<b>subnetmask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	
<b>theylogin</b>	<b>chap</b> <b>none</b> <b>pap</b>	
<b>username</b>	<b>&lt;username&gt;</b>	
<b>welogin</b>	<b>auto</b>	
	<b>chap</b>	
	<b>none</b>	
	<b>pap</b>	

## ppp show transport

---

Display properties for a specific PPPoH transport.

Table 83. ppp show transport

Command	Explanation
<b>ppp show transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Show a single PPPoH transport's properties.

### Example Output: ppp show transport ppp1

```
--> ppp show transport ppp1
PPP Transport: ppp1

        Description : ppp1
        Summary : enabled, down
        Server : false
        Hdlc : true
        LLC : false

        NCPRemote Addr : N/A
        Local Ip : N/A
        Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
        Remote Ip : N/A
        Discover Primary DNS : true
        Remote DNS : N/A
        Discover Secondary DNS : true
        Give DNS to Client : true
        Give DNS to Relay : true

        Create Route : true
        Specific Route : false
        Route Mask : 0.0.0.0

        Dialout Username :
        Dialout Password :
        Dialout Auth : none
        Dialin Auth : none

        Lcp Max Configure : 10
        Lcp Max Failure : 10
        Lcp Max Terminate : 10
        Lcp Echo Every : 10
```

# Chapter 12 PPPoA Commands

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Example Output: pppoa show transport ppp1 .....	122

## pppoa add transport

Add a PPP over ATM (PPPoA) transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**pppoa add transport <name>**.

Table 84. pppoa add transport

Command	Explanation
<b>dialin pvc &lt;iface&gt; &lt;port&gt; &lt;vpi&gt; &lt;vcid&gt;</b>	Create PPPoA transport that accepts dialin connections.
<b>dialout pvc &lt;iface&gt; &lt;port&gt; &lt;vpi&gt; &lt;vcid&gt;</b>	Create PPPoA transport that performs dialout.

## pppoa clear transports

---

Remove all PPPoA transports.

Table 85. pppoa clear transports

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoa clear transports</b>	Remove all PPPoA transports.

## pppoa delete

---

Remove a single PPPoA transport.

Table 86. pppoa delete

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoa delete &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove a single PPPoA transport.

## ppoa list transports

List existing PPPoA transports.

Table 87. pppoa list transports

Command	Explanation
<b>ppoa list transports</b>	List existing PPPoA transports.

### Example Output: pppoa list transports

```
--> pppoa list transports

PPPoA transports:

ID | Name      | Port       | Vci        | Vpi
---+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1 | ppp1     | hdlc      | N/A        | N/A
```

## pppoa set transport

---

Configure properties for a PPPoA transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**pppoa set transport <name>**.

Table 88. pppoa set transport

Command			Explanation
<b>atmaddress</b>			Set the ATM address for use in an ATM network.
<b>autoconnect</b>	<b>disabled</b>		Disable autoconnect function.
	<b>enabled</b>		Connect automatically to TCP/IP whenever a user requests TCP/IP packets from a public destination.
<b>bt</b>	<bt>		Set the burst tolerance for an existing PPPoA transport (PVC transports only).
<b>createroute</b>	<b>disabled</b>		No route is added to the system after IPCP negotiation.
	<b>enabled</b>		Add a route to the system after IPCP negotiation
<b>dialin</b>	<b>pvc</b>	<port><vpis><vcis>	Create a PPPoA transport that accepts dialin connections over a PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
<b>dialout</b>	<b>pvc</b>	<port><vpis><vcis>	Create a PPPoA transport that performs dialout over a PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
<b>disabled</b>			Disable PPPoA transport.
<b>discoverdns</b>	<b>primary</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable whether the primary DNS server address is requested from a remote PPP peer using IPCP.
		<b>enabled</b>	Request a primary DNS server IP address.
	<b>secondary</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable whether the secondary DNS server address is requested from a remote PPP peer using IPCP.
		<b>enabled</b>	Request a secondary DNS server IP address.
<b>enabled</b>			Enables PPPoA transport.
<b>givedns</b>	<b>client</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
	<b>relay</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.

Table 88. pppoa set transport

Command			Explanation
<b>headers</b>	<b>hdlc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
	<b>llc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
<b>idletimeout</b>	<idletimeout>		Set an idle time out for your LAN connection.
<b>interface</b>	<iface>		Set the PPP interface for an existing PPPoA transport.
<b>lcpechoevery</b>	<lcpechoevery>		Tell a specified PPP transport to send an LCP (Link Control Protocol) echo request frame at specified intervals (in seconds).
<b>lcpmaxconf</b>	<lcpmaxconf>		Set the LCP maximum configure number for an existing transport.
<b>lcpmaxfail</b>	<lcpmaxfail>		Set the LCP maximum fail number for an existing transport.
<b>lcpmaxterm</b>	<lcpmaxterm>		Set the LCP maximum terminate number for an existing transport.
<b>localip</b>	<ipaddress>		Only applies to dialin SVC or PVC transports that provide the server-end of a connection.
<b>mbs</b>	<mbs>		Set the maximum burst size for PPPoA transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>mcr</b>	<mcr>		Set the minimum cell rate for an existing PPPoA transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>mru</b>	<mru>		Set the interface's maximum receive unit (MRU) (in bytes).
<b>password</b>	<password>		Set a dial-out password on a named transport.
<b>pcr</b>	<pcr>		Set the peak cell rate for an existing PPPoA transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>port</b>	<port>		Set the port that an existing transport uses to transport PPPoA data (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>pvc</b>	<port>	<vpi> <vci>	Set PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit) for PPPoA data.

Table 88. pppoa set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>qosclass</b>	<b>abr</b>	Set quality of service class as abr (Available Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>cbr</b>	Set quality of service class as cbr (Constant Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>qfc</b>	Set quality of service class as qfc for the transport.
	<b>ubr</b>	Set quality of service class as ubr (Unspecified Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbr</b>	Set quality of service class as vbr (Variable Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbrt</b>	Set quality of service class as vbrt (Variable Bit Rate Real-Time) for the transport.
<b>remotedns</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>   <b>&lt;ipaddress2&gt;</b>	Set the primary and secondary local DNS server addresses that will be given to a remote PPP peer when the peer requests a primary or secondary DNS server IP address using IPCP.
<b>remoteip</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	Set the IP address supplied to the remote end of the PPP connection during negotiation.
<b>routemask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	Set the subnet mask used by the route that is created when a PPP link comes up.
<b>scr</b>	<b>&lt;scr&gt;</b>	Set scr (Sustainable Cell Rate); Valid only if you set VBR or VBRRT as the qosclass; Applies only to existing PVC transports.
<b>specificroute</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Create a default route to the subnet at the remote end of the PPP link.
	<b>enabled</b>	Allow the created route to apply to packets for the subnet at the remote end of the PPP link.
<b>subnetmask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	Set the subnet mask used for the local IP interface connected to the PPP transport.
<b>theylogin</b>	<b>chap</b>	Set CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol) for the authentication method remote PPP clients must use to dialin to the server.
	<b>none</b>	No authentication method is used.
	<b>pap</b>	Set PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) for the authentication method remote PPP clients must use to dialin to the server.
<b>username</b>	<b>&lt;username&gt;</b>	Set a dial-out username on a named transport.
<b>vci</b>	<b>&lt;vcid&gt;</b>	Set the Virtual Circuit Identifier (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>vpi</b>	<b>&lt;vpid&gt;</b>	Set the Virtual Path Identifier (Applies only to existing PVC transports).

Table 88. pppoa set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>welogin</b>	<b>auto</b>	The authentication protocol used by the remote PPP server is discovered and used.
	<b>chap</b>	Set CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol); Server sends an authentication request to the remote user dialing in.
	<b>none</b>	No authentication method is used.
	<b>pap</b>	Set PAP (Password Authentication Protocol); Server sends an authentication request to the remote user dialing in.

## pppoa show transport

---

Display properties for a specific PPPoA transport.

Table 89. pppoa show transport

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoa show transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Show a single PPPoA transport's properties.

### Example Output: pppoa show transport ppp1

```
--> pppoa show transport ppp1

PPP Transport: ppp1

    Description : ppp1
    Summary : enabled, down
    Server : false
    NCPRemote Addr : N/A
    Hdlc : true
    LLC : false

    Local Ip : N/A
    Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
    Remote Ip : N/A
    Discover Primary DNS : true
    Remote DNS : N/A
    Discover Secondary DNS : true
    Remote Secondary DNS : N/A
    Give DNS to Client : true
    Give DNS to Relay : true

    Create Route : true
    Specific Route : false
    Route Mask : 0.0.0.0

    Dialout Username :
    Dialout Password :
        Dialout Auth : none
    Dialin Auth : none

    Lcp Max Configure : 5
    Lcp Max Failure : 10
    Lcp Max Terminate : 10
    Lcp Echo Every : 10
    Auto Connect : false
    Idle Timeout : 0

    Port : hdlc
    VPI :
    VCI :
```

# Chapter 13 PPPoE Commands

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## pppoe add transport

---

Add a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**pppoe add transport <name> dialout.**

Table 90. pppoe add transport

Command		Explanation
<b>eth &lt;ifc&gt;&lt;port&gt;</b>		Create a PPPoE transport that performs dialout over Ethernet.
	<b>accessconcentrator &lt;concentrator&gt;</b>	Connect only to the named access concentrator or to the first access concentrator that responds.
	<b>servicename &lt;servicename&gt;</b>	Connect to the specified service on the named concentrator.
<b>servicename &lt;servicename&gt;</b>		Connect to the first access concentrator that uses this service.
<b>pvc &lt;ifc&gt; &lt;port&gt;</b>	<b>&lt;vpi&gt;&lt;vc&gt;</b>	Create a PPPoE transport that performs dialout over a PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
		Connect only to the named access concentrator or to the first access concentrator that responds.
		Connect to the specified service on the named concentrator.
<b>servicename &lt;servicename&gt;</b>		Connect to the first access concentrator that uses this service.

## **pppoe clear transports**

---

Remove all PPPoE transports.

Table 91. pppoe clear transports

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoe clear transports</b>	Remove all PPPoE transports.

## **pppoe delete transport**

---

Remove a single PPPoE transport.

Table 92. pppoe delete

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoe delete transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove a single PPPoE transport.

## pppoe list transports

List existing PPPoE transports.

Table 93. pppoe list transports

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoe list transports</b>	List existing PPPoE transports.

### Example Output: pppoe list transports

```
--> pppoe list transports
PPPoE transports:
ID | Name      | Port       | Vci        | Vpi
---|---|---|---|---|---
```

## pppoe set transport

---

Configure properties for a PPPoE transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**pppoe set transport <name>**.

Table 94. pppoe set transport

Command			Explanation
<b>accessconcentrator</b>	<b>&lt;concentrator&gt;</b>		
<b>atmaddress</b>	<b>&lt;atmaddr&gt;</b>		
<b>autoconnect</b>	<b>disabled</b> <b>enabled</b>  <b>filter</b> <b>add</b> <b>tcpport</b> <b>                  </b> <b>udpport</b> <b>                  </b> <b>delete</b> <b>tcpport</b> <b>                  </b> <b>udpport</b>		
<b>bt</b>	<b>&lt;bt&gt;</b>		
<b>createroute</b>	<b>disabled</b> <b>enabled</b>		
<b>dialout</b>			
<b>discoverdns</b>	<b>primary</b> <b>disabled</b> <b>                  </b> <b>enabled</b>  <b>secondary</b> <b>disabled</b> <b>                  </b> <b>enabled</b>		
<b>enabled</b>			

Table 94. pppoe set transport

Command			Explanation
<b>eth</b>	<port>		
<b>givedns</b>	<b>client</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to the DNS client.
	<b>relay</b>	<b>disabled</b>	IPCP cannot request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow IPCP to request a DNS server IP address and then give the address to DNS relay.
<b>headers</b>	<b>hdlc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have HDLC headers to be transmitted/received.
	<b>llc</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Do not allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
		<b>enabled</b>	Allow packets that have LLC headers to be transmitted/received.
<b>idletimeout</b>	<idletimeout>		
			Set an idle time out for your LAN connection.
<b>interface</b>	<iface>		
<b>lcpechoevery</b>	<lcpechoevery>		
			Tell a specified PPP transport to send an LCP (Link Control Protocol) echo request frame at specified intervals (in seconds).
<b>lcpmaxconf</b>	<lcpmaxconf>		
			Set the LCP maximum configure number for an existing transport.
<b>lcpmaxfail</b>	<lcpmaxfail>		
			Set the LCP maximum fail number for an existing transport.
<b>lcpmaxterm</b>	<lcpmaxterm>		
			Set the LCP maximum terminate number for an existing transport.
<b>localip</b>	<ipaddress>		
			Only applies to dialin SVC or PVC transports that provide the server-end of a connection.
<b>mbs</b>	<mbs>		
			Set the maximum burst size for PPPoE transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).

Table 94. pppoe set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>mcr</b>	<b>&lt;mcr&gt;</b>	Set the minimum cell rate for an existing PPPoE transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>password</b>	<b>&lt;password&gt;</b>	Set a dial-out password on a named transport.
<b>pcr</b>	<b>&lt;pcr&gt;</b>	Set the peak cell rate for an existing PPPoE transport (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>port</b>	<b>&lt;port&gt;</b>	Set the port that an existing transport uses to transport PPPoE data (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>pvc</b>	<b>&lt;port&gt;&lt;vpi&gt;&lt;vci&gt;</b>	Set PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit) for PPPoE data.
<b>qosclass</b>	<b>abr</b>	Set quality of service class as abr (Available Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>cbr</b>	Set quality of service class as cbr (Constant Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>qfc</b>	Set quality of service class as qfc for the transport.
	<b>ubr</b>	Set quality of service class as ubr (Unspecified Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbr</b>	Set quality of service class as vbr (Variable Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbrrt</b>	Set quality of service class as vbrrt (Variable Bit Rate Real-Time) for the transport.
<b>remotedns</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt; &lt;ipaddress2&gt;</b>	Set the primary and secondary local DNS server addresses that will be given to a remote PPP peer when the peer requests a primary or secondary DNS server IP address using IPCP.
<b>remoteip</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	Set the IP address supplied to the remote end of the PPP connection during negotiation.
<b>routemask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	Set the subnet mask used by the route that is created when a PPP link comes up.
<b>scr</b>	<b>&lt;scr&gt;</b>	Set scr (Sustainable Cell Rate); Valid only if you set VBR or VBRRT as the qosclass; Applies only to existing PVC transports.

Table 94. pppoe set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>specificroute</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Create a default route to the subnet at the remote end of the PPP link.
	<b>enabled</b>	Allow the created route to apply to packets for the subnet at the remote end of the PPP link.
<b>subnetmask</b>	<b>&lt;mask&gt;</b>	Set the subnet mask used for the local IP interface connected to the PPP transport.
<b>theylogin</b>	<b>chap</b>	Set CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol) for the authentication method remote PPP clients must use to dialin to the server.
	<b>none</b>	No authentication method is used.
	<b>pap</b>	Set PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) for the authentication method remote PPP clients must use to dialin to the server.
	<b>&lt;username&gt;</b>	Set a dial-out username on a named transport.
<b>vci</b>	<b>&lt;vci&gt;</b>	Set the Virtual Circuit Identifier (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>vpi</b>	<b>&lt;vpi&gt;</b>	Set the Virtual Path Identifier (Applies only to existing PVC transports).
<b>welogin</b>	<b>auto</b>	The authentication protocol used by the remote PPP server is discovered and used.
	<b>chap</b>	Set CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol); Server sends an authentication request to the remote user dialing in.
	<b>none</b>	No authentication method is used.
	<b>pap</b>	Set PAP (Password Authentication Protocol); Server sends an authentication request to the remote user dialing in.

## pppoe show transport

Display properties for a specific PPPoE transport.

Table 95. pppoe show transport

Command	Explanation
<b>pppoe show transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Show a single PPPoE transport's properties.

# Chapter 14 **RFC1483 Commands**

---

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## rfc1483 add transport

---

Create a new transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**rfc1483 add transport <name>**.

Table 96. rfc1483 add transport

Command	Explanation	
<b>&lt;port&gt; &lt;vpi&gt; &lt;vc&gt;</b>	Create a named RFC1483 transport and specify the virtual path and virtual channel.	
<b>llc</b>		Create a named RFC1483 transport that uses the Logical Link Control (LLC) encapsulation method.
	<b>bridged</b>	Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
	<b>routed</b>	Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
<b>vcmux</b>		Create a named RFC1483 transport that uses the VC Multiplexing (VCMUX) encapsulation method.
	<b>bridged</b>	Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
	<b>routed</b>	Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.

## rfc1483 clear transports

Remove all RFC1483 transports.

Table 97. rfc1483 clear transports

Command	Explanation
<b>rfc1483 clear transports</b>	Remove all RFC1483 transports.

## rfc1483 delete transport

Remove a single RFC1483 transport.

Table 98. rfc1483 delete

Command	Explanation
<b>rfc1483 delete transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove a specified transport.

## rfc1483 list transports

List existing RFC1483 transports.

Table 99. rfc1483 list transports

Command	Explanation
<b>rfc1483 list transports</b>	List existing RFC1483 transports.

### Example Output: rfc1483 list transports

```
--> rfc1483 list transports

RFC1483 transports:

ID | Name      | Port       | TxVci     | RxVci     | TxVpi     | RxVpi
--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
 1 | rfc1     | atm        | 600       | 600       | 0          | 0
```

## rfc1483 set transport

---

Configure properties for an RFC1483 transport.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**rfc1483 set transport <name>**.

Table 100. rfc1483 set transport

Command		Explanation
<b>bt</b>	<b>&lt;bt&gt;</b>	Set burst tolerance.
<b>mbs</b>	<b>&lt;mbs&gt;</b>	Set max. burst size.
<b>mcr</b>	<b>&lt;mcr&gt;</b>	Set minimum cell rate.
<b>mode</b>	<b>llc</b>	Set RFC1483 transport mode to use the Logical Link Control (LLC) encapsulation method.
		<b>bridged</b> Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
		<b>routed</b> Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
	<b>vcmux</b>	Set RFC1483 transport mode to use the VC Multiplexing (VCMUX) encapsulation method.
		<b>bridged</b> Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
		<b>routed</b> Traffic type that is going to be transmitted/received.
<b>pcr</b>	<b>&lt;pcr&gt;</b>	Set peak cell rate.
<b>port</b>	<b>&lt;port&gt;</b>	Set ATM port.
<b>qosclass</b>	<b>abr</b>	Set quality of service class as abr (Available Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>cbr</b>	Set quality of service class as cbr (Constant Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>qfc</b>	Set quality of service class as qfc for the transport.
	<b>ubr</b>	Set quality of service class as ubr (Unspecified Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbr</b>	Set quality of service class as vbr (Variable Bit Rate) for the transport.
	<b>vbrrt</b>	Set quality of service class as vbrrt (Variable Bit Rate Real-Time) for the transport.
<b>rxvci</b>	<b>&lt;vci&gt;</b>	Set Rx VCI.
<b>rxvpi</b>	<b>&lt;vpi&gt;</b>	Set Rx VPI.
<b>scr</b>	<b>&lt;scr&gt;</b>	Set sustainable cell rate.
<b>txvci</b>	<b>&lt;vci&gt;</b>	Set Tx VCI
<b>txvpi</b>	<b>&lt;vpi&gt;</b>	Set Tx VPI
<b>vci</b>	<b>&lt;vci&gt;</b>	Set VCI
<b>vpi</b>	<b>&lt;vpi&gt;</b>	Set VPI.

## rfc1483 show transport

Display properties for a specific RFC1483 transport.

Table 101. rfc1483 show transport

Command	Explanation
<b>rfc1483 show transport &lt;name&gt;</b>	Show a single RFC1483 transport's properties.

### Example Output: rfc1483 show transport rfc1

```
--> rfc1483 show transport rfc1

RFC1483 Transport: rfc1

    Description: rfc1
    Encapsulation: LlcBridged

    ATM port: atm
    Tx VPI: 0
    Rx VPI: 0
    Tx VCI: 600
    Rx VCI: 600

    QOS class: UBR
    Peak cell rate: 12000      Burst tolerance: 0
    Sustainable cell rate: 0   Max. burst size: 0
    Minimum cell rate: 0
```

# Chapter 15 **Security Commands**

---

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## **security add**

---

Add security interfaces and triggers.

Table 102. security add

Command		Explanation
<b>security add interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	<b>dmz</b>	Add DMZ interface.
	<b>external</b>	Add external interface.
	<b>internal</b>	Add internal interface.
<b>security add trigger &lt;name&gt;</b>	<b>netmeeting</b>	Add a trigger to allow Netmeeting to transport through the security package.
	<b>tcp</b> <startport> <endport> <maxactinterval>	Add a trigger for a TCP application to the security package.
	<b>udp</b> <startport> <endport> <maxactinterval>	Add a trigger for a UDP application to the security package.

## security clear

Clear interfaces and triggers.

Table 103. security clear

Command	Explanation
<b>security clear interfaces</b>	Clear all interfaces.
<b>security clear triggers</b>	Clear all triggers.

## security delete

Delete a specified interface or trigger.

Table 104. security delete

Command	Explanation
<b>security delete interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete specified interface.
<b>security delete trigger &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete specified trigger.

## **security disable**

---

Disable security features.

Table 105. security disable

Command	Explanation
<b>security disable</b>	Disable security.

## **security enable**

---

Enable security features.

Table 106. security enable

Command	Explanation
<b>security enable</b>	Enable security.

## **security list**

---

List interfaces and triggers.

Table 107. security list

Command	Explanation
<b>security list interfaces</b>	List all interfaces.
<b>security list triggers</b>	List all triggers.

### **Example Output: security list interfaces**

```
--> security list interfaces
```

Security Interfaces:

ID	Name	Type
1	ip1	internal

### **Example Output: security list triggers**

```
--> security list triggers
```

Security Triggers:

ID	Name	Type	Port Range	Interval
1	t2_h323	tcp	1720 - 1720	30000
2	t3_dpudp	udp	51200 - 51201	3000
3	t4_dptcp	tcp	51210 - 51210	3000

## security set trigger

---

Configure settings for security triggers.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with  
**security set trigger <name>**.

Table 108. security set trigger <name>

Command		Explanation
<b>UDPsessionchaining</b>	<b>disable</b>	Disable UDP session chaining on an existing trigger.
	<b>enable</b>	Enable UDP session chaining on an existing trigger.
<b>addressreplacement</b>	<b>both</b>	Set address replacement on TCP and UDP packets for an existing trigger.
	<b>none</b>	Disable address replacement.
	<b>tcp</b>	Set address replacement on TCP packets for an existing trigger.
	<b>udp</b>	Set address replacement on UDP packets for an existing trigger.
<b>binaryaddressreplacement</b>	<b>disable</b>	Disable the use of binary address replacement on an existing trigger.
	<b>enable</b>	Enable the use of binary address replacement on an existing trigger.
<b>endport</b>	<b>&lt;portnumber&gt;</b>	Set the end of the port number range for an existing trigger.
<b>maxactinterval</b>	<b>&lt;interval&gt;</b>	Set the maximum activity interval limit on existing session entries for an existing trigger.
<b>multihost</b>	<b>disable</b>	A secondary session can only be initiated to/from the same remote host.
	<b>enable</b>	A secondary session can be initiated to/from different remote hosts.
<b>sessionchaining</b>	<b>disable</b>	Disable all session chaining (TCP and UDP) on an existing trigger.
	<b>enable</b>	Enable TCP session chaining on an existing trigger.
<b>startport</b>	<b>&lt;portnumber&gt;</b>	Set the start of the port number range for an existing trigger.

## security show

Display information about a specific interface or trigger.

Table 109. security show

Command	Explanation
<b>security show interface &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display information about a specific interface that was added to the Security module.
<b>security show trigger &lt;name&gt;</b>	Display information about a specific trigger that was added to the Security module.

### Example Output: **security show interface ip1**

```
--> security show interface ip1
```

```
Interface name: ip1
Interface type: internal
```

### Example Output: **security show trigger t2\_h323**

```
--> security show trigger t2_h323

Security Trigger: t2_h323

    Transport Type: tcp
    Starting port number: 1720
    Ending port number: 1720
    Allow multiple hosts: false
    Max activity interval: 30000
    Session chaining: true
    Session chaining on UDP: false
    Binary address replacement: true
    Address translation type: tcp
```

## security status

Display information about all security features.

Table 110. security status

Command	Explanation
<b>security status</b>	Display information about the security package including security status, firewall status, NAT status, and firewall logging.

### Example Output: security status

```
--> security status

Security enabled.
Firewall enabled.
Firewall security level: high.
Firewall session logging enabled.
Firewall blocking logging enabled.
Firewall intrusion logging disabled.
NAT disabled
```

# Chapter 16 **SNMP Commands**

---

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## snmp add

---

Add community and trap entries.

Table 111. snmp add

Command			Explanation
<b>snmp add community</b>	<community>	<ipaddress>	Add an entry to the Community Table.
			<b>read &lt;id&gt;</b> Add an SNMP version 1 or 2 read-only community. The IP address can be used to limit access to a single host or it can be 0.0.0.0 to allow access from any host.
			<b>write &lt;id&gt;</b> Add an SNMP version 1 or 2 read-write community. The IP address can be used to limit access to a single host or it can be 0.0.0.0 to allow access from any host.
<b>snmp add trap</b>	<community>	<ipaddress>	Add an entry to the Trap Table.

## snmp delete

Delete community and trap entries.

Table 112. snmp delete

Command		Explanation
<b>snmp delete community</b>		Delete an entry from the Community Table.
	<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Index of the row to delete.
<b>snmp delete trap</b>		Delete an entry from the Trap Table.
	<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Index of the row to delete.

## snmp save

Save configuration.

**Note** System Save is still required.

Table 113. snmp save

Command	Explanation
<b>snmp save</b>	Save configuration.

## snmp set

---

Configure SNMP properties.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with **snmp set**.

Table 114. snmp set

Command					Explanation
<b>community</b>	<index>	<community>	<ipaddress>		Add an entry to the Community Table.
				<b>read &lt;id&gt;</b>	Add an SNMP version 1 or 2 read-only community. The IP address can be used to limit access to a single host or it can be 0.0.0.0 to allow access from any host.
				<b>write &lt;id&gt;</b>	Add an SNMP version 1 or 2 read-write community. The IP address can be used to limit access to a single host or it can be 0.0.0.0 to allow access from any host.
<b>sysContact</b>	<contact>				Set system contact.
<b>sysDescr</b>	<description>				Set system description.
<b>sysLocation</b>	<location>				Set system location.
<b>sysName</b>	<name>				Set system name.
<b>trap</b>	<index>	<community>	<ipaddress>		Set trap.

## snmp show

---

Display information for an SNMP configuration.

Table 115. snmp show

Command	Explanation
<b>snmp show</b>	Show SNMP configuration.

### Example Output: snmp show

```
--> snmp show

Static Variables
    Sys Descr : "not set"
    Sys Object ID : 1.3.6.1.4.1.1768.200
    Sys Location : "not set"
    Sys Contact : "not set"
    Sys Name : "not set"
    Snmp Enable Authen Traps : 1

Community Table
-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
Index | Community      | Management IP     | Access   | ID
-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
  1   | public          | 0.0.0.0           | read     | 1
-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
```

```
Trap Table
-----|-----|-----|
Index | Community      | Management IP
-----|-----|-----|
  1   | trap            | 192.168.200.1
-----|-----|-----|
```

# Chapter 17 **Source Commands**

---

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-------------------------	-----

**source <filename>**

Read a file of commands.

Table 116. source &lt;filename&gt;

Command	Explanation
<b>source &lt;filename&gt;</b>	Read a file of commands.

# Chapter 18 **System Commands**

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## system add

Add a user to the system.

Table 117. system add

Command		Explanation
<b>system add login</b>	<name>	Add Local user – Authenticate is Disabled.
	<comment>	Add an optional comment about the user that is displayed when you type the commands system list users and system list logins.
<b>system add user</b>	<name>	Add Dialin user – Authenticate is Enabled.
	<comment>	Add an optional comment about the user that is displayed when you type the commands system list users and system list logins.

## system config

---

Manage the system configuration.

Table 118. system config

Command		Explanation
<b>system config backup</b>	<filename>	Save system config as a backup file. Save the backup configuration on a webserver.
<b>system config clear</b>		Clear all configuration, only leaves superuser login.
<b>system config restore</b>		Revert to saved configuration.
<b>system config save</b>	<b>backup</b>	Restore the backup configuration from the file: //isfs/im.conf.backup.
	<filename>	Specify the name of a file containing an alternative backup configuration.
	<b>factory</b>	Restore the factory default configuration from the //isfs/im.conf.factory file.
<b>minimal</b>		Clear the current configuration by resetting attributes to their defaults and deleting interfaces and transports.
		Save to main boot configuration file.

## system cpu

---

Manage CPU usage statistics.

Table 119. system cpu

Command		Explanation	
<b>system cpu npOverThreshold</b>		Report if the current usage is at or above the NP (network processor) threshold.	
<b>system cpu npThreshold</b>	<b>get</b>	Report NP (network processor) usage.	
	<b>set &lt;val&gt;</b>	Set the percent usage at which the system will declare an alarm condition.	
<b>system cpu npUsage</b>		Display information about what percentage of the CPU's cycles are actually being used.	
<b>system cpu ppOverThreshold</b>		Report if the current usage is at or above the PP (protocol processor) threshold.	
<b>system cpu ppThreshold</b>	<b>get</b>	Report PP (protocol processor) usage.	
	<b>set &lt;val&gt;</b>	Set the percent usage at which the system will declare an alarm condition.	
<b>system cpu ppUsage</b>		Display information about what percentage of the CPU's cycles are actually being used.	

### Example Output: system cpu npOverThreshold

```
--> system cpu npOverThreshold
NP Usage NOT Over Threshold
```

### Example Output: system cpu npThreshold get

```
--> system cpu npThreshold get
NP Usage Threshold: 90%
```

### Example Output: system cpu npUsage

```
--> system cpu npUsage
NP Usage: 1%
```

### Example Output: system cpu ppOverThreshold

```
--> system cpu ppOverThreshold
PP Usage NOT Over Threshold
```

***Example Output: system cpu ppThreshold get***

```
--> system cpu ppThreshold get
```

```
PP Usage Threshold: 90%
```

***Example Output: system cpu ppUsage***

```
--> system cpu ppUsage
```

```
PP Usage: 1%
```

## system delete

---

Remove system users.

Table 120. system delete

Command	Explanation
<b>system delete login &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove local user.
<b>system delete user &lt;name&gt;</b>	Remove dialin user.

## system ifTable reset

Reset packet counters.

Table 121. system ifTable reset

Command	Explanation
<b>system ifTable reset all</b>	Reset the packet counters for all interfaces.
<b>system ifTable reset index &lt;index&gt;</b>	Reset the packet counters for a particular interface.

## system info

Display hardware/software information.

Table 122. system info

Command	Explanation
<b>system info</b>	Display hardware/software information.

### **Example Output: system info**

```
--> system info

Global System Configuration:

Model Code   : 3231 G.SHDSL Access Device
Software ver: 2.8.18
Hardware ver: BSP Rev.B  BSP:1.0 / He100/2xx CSP v2.3
Kernal ver   : 8.2.0.37
Key ver      : 4
Build type   : RELEASE

Product code: 20010307
MAC address  : 00:A0:BA:03:71:0E

Vendor       :
URL         :
```

## system legal

Show copyright information.

Table 123. system info

Command	Explanation
<b>system legal</b>	Show copyright information.

### **Example Output: system legal**

```
--> system legal
```

```
Copyright (c) 2007
```

## system list

---

List system information.

Table 124. system list

Command	Explanation
<b>system list errors</b>	Display system error log.
<b>system list logins</b>	Display system users.
<b>system list openfiles &lt;name&gt;</b>	List open file handles.
<b>system list users</b>	Display system users.

### Example Output: system list errors

```
--> system list errors

Errors:
When | What
-----
Thu, 01 Jan 2004 - 00:00:00 | webserver:Invalid argument:failed to set the SNTP host to
Thu, 01 Jan 2004 - 00:27:38 | webserver:Failed to add new secondary address
```

### Example Output: system list logins

```
--> system list logins

Users:
      May   Authenticate   Access
      ID | Name    | Conf. | Remote | Level | Comment
-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
      1 | superuser | ENABLED | ENABLED | superuser | Default Superuser
      2 | monitor   | ENABLED | disabled | default | Default monitor user
```

### Example Output: system list openfiles bun

```
--> system list openfiles bun

qid      devuse   appuse   colour   flags      lasterrno
console  00000059 00000000 00400000 3          0
console  0000002f 00000000 00400000 5          0
console  00000005 00000000 00400000 5          0
```

**Example Output: system list users**

```
--> system list users

Users:
      May      Authenticate   Access
ID | Name    | Conf. | Remote | Level | Comment
---+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1 | superuser | ENABLED | ENABLED | superuser | Default Superuser
 2 | monitor   | ENABLED | disabled | default | Default monitor user
-----
```

## system log

---

Set system logging options.

Table 125. system log

Command	Explanation
<b>system log all</b>	Display all output.
<b>system log disable &lt;module&gt; &lt;category&gt;</b>	Disable module: upload/webserver/ip/rip
<b>system log enable &lt;module&gt; &lt;category&gt;</b>	Enable module: upload/webserver/ip/rip
<b>system log entryexit</b>	Display a message every time a function call is entered or left.
<b>system log info</b>	Show system information.
<b>system log list</b>	List the available debug logs and their enabled/disabled status.
<b>system log nothing</b>	No extra output is displayed.
<b>system log trace</b>	Display detailed trace output.
<b>system log warnings</b>	Display non-fatal errors.

### Example Output: system log list

```
--> system log list

upload      info      (disabled)
upload      preserve  (disabled)
upload      get       (disabled)
webserver   access   (disabled)
webserver   file     (disabled)
webserver   trace    (disabled)
ip          socket   (disabled)
ip          config   (disabled)
ip          arp      (disabled)
ip          rawip   (disabled)
ip          icmp    (disabled)
ip          udp     (disabled)
ip          tcp     (disabled)
rip         tx      (disabled)
rip         rx      (disabled)
rip         errors  (disabled)
ip          12cyan  (disabled)
```

**Example Output: system log list op**

```
--> system log list ip

ip      socket    (disabled)
ip      config    (disabled)
ip      arp       (disabled)
ip      rawip     (disabled)
ip      icmp      (disabled)
ip      udp       (disabled)
ip      tcp       (disabled)
ip      l2cyan    (disabled)
```

## **system restart**

---

Restart the system. This function acts the same as pressing the reset button.

Table 126. system restart

Command	Explanation
<b>system restart</b>	Restart the system.

## system set

---

Set user privileges.

**Note** Begin each top-level command in the table below with **system set**.

Table 127. system set

Command				Explanation
<b>baudrate</b> <value>				Set the baud rate.
<b>firmware</b>	<b>update</b>	<b>protection</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable checks that are performed on the software image during software upgrades in order to prevent accidentally overwriting the unit's flash with an invalid image.
			<b>enabled</b>	Enable checks that are performed on the software image during software upgrades in order to prevent accidentally overwriting the unit's flash with an invalid image
<b>login</b>	<name>	<b>access</b>	<b>default</b>	Set access permission for the user.
			<b>engineer</b>	
			<b>superuser</b>	
		<b>authenremote</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable user from dialing into the system.
			<b>enabled</b>	Allow user to dial into the system.
			<b>mayconfigure</b>	Disable user from configuring the system.
			<b>enabled</b>	Allow user to dial into the system.
			<b>user</b>	Set access permission for the user.
<b>user</b>	<name>	<b>access</b>	<b>default</b>	
			<b>engineer</b>	
			<b>superuser</b>	
		<b>authenremote</b>	<b>disabled</b>	Disable user from dialing into the system.
			<b>enabled</b>	Allow user to dial into the system.
			<b>mayconfigure</b>	Disable user from configuring the system.
			<b>enabled</b>	Allow user to configure the system.
		<b>password</b>	<password>	Set password to specified user.

## system show

Display system information.

Table 128. system show

Command	Explanation
<b>system show aticmem</b>	Show memory in use by ATIC global pool – ATIC Memory diagnostics.
<b>system show firmware update protection</b>	Show Image Validation.

### **Example Output: system show aticmem**

```
--> system show aticmem  
ATIC Memory diagnostics not available
```

### **Example Output: system show firmware update protection**

```
--> system show firmware update protection  
Is Image Validation Enabled: enabled
```

# Chapter 19 **Transport Commands**

---

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## transports clear

---

Clear all transports.

Table 129. transports clear

Command	Explanation
<b>transports clear</b>	Clear all transports.

## transports delete

---

Delete a specific transport.

Table 130. transports delete

Command	Explanation
<b>transports delete &lt;name&gt;</b>	Delete a specified transport.

## transports list

List all transports.

Table 131. transports list

Command	Explanation
<b>transports list</b>	List all transports.

### Example Output: transports list

```
--> transports list

Services:

  ID |     Name      | Type
  ---+-----+-----+
  -  |
    1 | eth1        | Ethernet | TxPkts:      278/0   RxPkts:      477/0
    2 | ppp1        | PPP       | TxPkts:      0/0     RxPkts:      0/0
    3 | rfc1        | RFC1483   | TxPkts:      292/0   RxPkts:      0/0     VPI/VCI: 0/600
  ---+-----+-----+
  -
```

## transports show

Display information about a specific transport.

Table 132. transports show

Command	Explanation
<b>transports show &lt;name&gt;</b>	Show a specified transport.

### **Example Output: transports show eth1**

```
--> transports show eth1

Ethernet Status

Service
Creator : CLI
Description : eth1

Ethernet
If In Octets : 68976
If Out Octets : 125008
If In Errors : 0
If Out Errors : 0
Packets Sent : 278

Good Packets : 477
Reset Counters : 0
Enabled : true

Termination : Bridge Interface: br1

Ether Channel
Port : ethernet
```

# Chapter 20 **User Commands**

---

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## user change

---

Switch users.

Table 133. user change

Command	Explanation
<b>user change &lt;name&gt;</b>	Switch user.

## user logout

---

Log out from the system.

Table 134. user logout

Command	Explanation
<b>user logout</b>	Log out from system.

## **user password**

---

Change a user's password.

Table 135. user password

Command	Explanation
<b>user password</b>	Change a current user's password.

# Chapter 21 **Webserver Commands**

---

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## webserver clear

---

Clear Web Server statistics.

Table 136. webserver clear

Command	Explanation
<b>webserver clear statistics</b>	Clear Web Server statistics.
<b>webserver clear stats</b>	

## webserver disable

---

Disable the Web Server process.

Table 137. webserver disable

Command	Explanation
<b>webserver disable</b>	Disable the Web Server process.

## webserver enable

---

Enable the Web Server process.

Table 138. webserver enable

Command	Explanation
<b>webserver enable</b>	Enable the Web Server process.

## webserver load

---

Load derived archive for static content.

Table 139. webserver load

Command	Explanation
<b>webserver load &lt;archive-name&gt;</b>	Load derived archive for static content.

## webserver set

---

Configure the Web Server settings.

Table 140. webserver set

Command			Explanation
<b>webserver set</b>	<b>interface</b>	<b>&lt;interface&gt;</b>	Existing IP interface over which to communicate.
	<b>managementip</b>	<b>&lt;ipaddress&gt;</b>	Restrict webserver access to a single IP (0.0.0.0 for any IP).
	<b>port</b>	<b>&lt;port&gt;</b>	Set an HTTP port.
	<b>upnpport</b>	<b>&lt;port&gt;</b>	Set a Universal Plug and Play port.

## webserver show

Display information about the Web Server.

Table 141. webserver show

Command	Explanation
<b>webserver show info</b>	Display information about the Web Server process.
<b>webserver show stats</b>	Display information about how many bytes have been transmitted and received by the Web Server.

### Example Output: webserver show info

```
--> webserver show info

Web server configuration:

    EmWeb release: R6_1_0
        Enabled: true
        Interface: eth1
        HTTP port: 80
        UPnP port: 280
    Management IP address: 0.0.0.0
```

### Example Output: webserver show stats

```
--> webserver show stats

Web Server statistics:
Bytes transmitted:      201878
Bytes received:         27136
```